



Date of compilation: 14/07/2025

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Version: 2 (Replaced 1)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** RevoPlus
Other means of identification:
UFI: HG20-M0KT-E00C-UR2W
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses (Professional users): Surface treatment
Relevant uses (Industrial user): Surface treatment
For Professional users/Industrial user only.
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
Surfaces Technological Abrasives S.p.A.
Via Alcide De Gasperi 6/8
24069 Cenate Sotto - Lombardia - Italy
Phone: 051831529
info@nocoat.it
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** 051-831529 info@nocoat.it

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336
- 2.2 Label elements:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Danger

Hazard statements:
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements:
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.
Supplementary information:
EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Substances that contribute to the classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS: 64742-48-9); Butanone (CAS: 78-93-3)
UFI: HG20-M0KT-E00C-UR2W
- 2.3 Other hazards:**
Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria
Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

** Changes with regards to the previous version

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of organic substances

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 Index: 649-327-00-6 REACH: 01-2119486659-16-XXXX	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7⁽¹⁾	ATP ATP01	18 - <19,5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0 Index: 606-002-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457290-43-XXXX	Butanone⁽¹⁾	ATP CLP00	6 - <7 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 3648-18-8 EC: 222-883-3 Index: 050-031-00-9 REACH: 01-2119979527-19-XXXX	Diocetyl tin dilaurate⁽¹⁾	ATP ATP15	0,7 - <0,8 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Repr. 1B: H360D; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	
CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6 Index: 603-001-00-X REACH: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX	methanol⁽¹⁾	ATP CLP00	<0,05 %
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	% (w/w) >=10: STOT SE 1 - H370 3<= % (w/w) <10: STOT SE 2 - H371

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 35 °C

Maximum time: 3 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification		Occupational exposure limits		
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0		IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	600 mg/m ³
		IOELV (STEL)	300 ppm	900 mg/m ³
methanol ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6		IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	260 mg/m ³
		IOELV (STEL)		

⁽¹⁾ Skin

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	1286,4 mg/m ³	1066,67 mg/m ³	Not relevant	837,5 mg/m ³
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1161 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	600 mg/m ³	Not relevant
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	20 mg/kg	Not relevant	20 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	1152 mg/m ³	640 mg/m ³	Not relevant	178,57 mg/m ³
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	31 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	412 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	106 mg/m ³	Not relevant
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	Oral	4 mg/kg	Not relevant	4 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	4 mg/kg	Not relevant	4 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	26 mg/m ³	26 mg/m ³	26 mg/m ³	26 mg/m ³

PNEC:

Identification					
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	STP	709 mg/L	Fresh water	55,8 mg/L	
	Soil	22,5 mg/kg	Marine water	55,8 mg/L	
	Intermittent	55,8 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	284,74 mg/kg	
	Oral	1 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	284,7 mg/kg	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	20,8 mg/L	
	Soil	100 mg/kg	Marine water	2,08 mg/L	
	Intermittent	1540 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	77 mg/kg	
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	7,7 mg/kg	

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)	 CAT III	EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Butyl, Breakthrough time: > 240 min)	 CAT III	EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	 CAT II	EN 166:2002 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al 4:2020 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	 CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2005/A1:2011 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1995	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	 CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	27,18 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	256,62 kg/m ³ (256,62 g/L)
Average carbon number:	7,5
Average molecular weight:	112,45 g/mol

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Colourless
Colour:	Not relevant *
Odour:	Not relevant *
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	104 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	2510 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	12818,89 Pa (12,82 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	944,2 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,944
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	70 mPa·s
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	74,14 mm ² /s
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	Not relevant *
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	31 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	200 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *
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9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
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*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Refraction index: Not relevant *

Total lead: 0 ppm

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- IARC: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation		
	LC50 inhalation vapour		
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	23,5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Diocetyl tin dilaurate CAS: 3648-18-8 EC: 222-883-3	LD50 oral	6450 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation		
	LC50 inhalation vapour		

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	LC50	2200 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas
	EC50	1000 mg/L (96 h)	Daphnia magna
	EC50	Not relevant	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas
	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus
	EC50	12000 mg/L (96 h)	Nitrocris spinipes
	EC50	530 mg/L (168 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration	Species	Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	NOEC	15800 mg/L	Oryzias latipes
	NOEC	122 mg/L	Daphnia magna

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	BOD5	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	BOD5	2,03 g O ₂ /g
	COD	2,31 g O ₂ /g
	BOD5/COD	0,88
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	BOD5	Not relevant
	COD	1,42 g O ₂ /g
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.29
	Potential	Low
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.77
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption	Volatility
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3	Koc	100
	Conclusion	High
	Surface tension	Not relevant
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Koc	30
	Conclusion	Very High
	Surface tension	2,396E-2 N/m (25 °C)
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	Koc	Not relevant
	Conclusion	Not relevant
	Surface tension	2,355E-2 N/m (25 °C)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
16 03 05*	organic wastes containing hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP10 Toxic for reproduction

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2025 and RID 2025:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN3295
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
- Labels:** 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
 - Special regulations: Not relevant
 - Tunnel restriction code: D/E
 - Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
 - Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN3295
14.2 UN proper shipping name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
Special regulations: 223
EmS Codes: F-E, S-D
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
Segregation group: Not relevant
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2025:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN3295
14.2 UN proper shipping name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards: No
14.6 Special precautions for user
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): *Diocetyltn dilaurate (3648-18-8)*
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: *Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-48-9) ; Diocetyltn dilaurate (3648-18-8)*
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

Contains Diocetyltn dilaurate. Diocetyltn (DOT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in the following articles for supply to, or use by, the general public, where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin: — textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, — gloves, — footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin, — wall and floor coverings, — childcare articles, — female hygiene products, — nappies, — two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 moulding kits). Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is acting as biocide in free association paint. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture acts as biocide to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of: (a) all craft irrespective of their length intended for use in marine, coastal, estuarine and inland waterways and lakes (b) cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming (c) any totally or partly submerged appliance or equipment. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the treatment of industrial waters. Shall not be used in:

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):

- New declared substances
 - Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-48-9)
 - Butanone (78-93-3)

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Repr. 1B: H360D - May damage the unborn child.
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -